

GY-521 am ESP32 D1 R32 – Verbinden und Daten auslesen mit MicroPython

Verbinde GY-521 mit ESP32 D1 R32

VCC	rot	3.3V
GND	blau	GND
SCL	gelb	SCL / GPIO22
SDA	grün	SDA / GPIO21

```
Kommandozeile x
>>> from machine import Pin, SoftI2C
>>> i2c = SoftI2C(sda=Pin(21), scl=Pin(22), freq=10000)
>>> i2c.scan()
[104]
>>> hex(104)
'0x68'
>>> data = i2c.readfrom_mem( 0x68, 0x3B , 14)
>>> data
b'\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00'
>>> for b in data:
    print(b, end=" ")

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
>>> data[0]
0
```

```
>>> dir(i2c)
['__class__', 'readinto', 'start', 'stop', 'write', 'init', 'readfrom', 'readfrom_into', 'readfrom_mem', 'readfrom_mem_into', 'scan', 'writeto', 'writeto_mem', 'writeto_mem_into']
```

```
>>> from machine import I2C
>>> i2c = I2C(sda=Pin(21), scl=Pin(22), freq=10000)
Warning: I2C(-1, ...) is deprecated, use SoftI2C(...) instead
```

```
>>> i2c.start()
>>> i2c.writeto(0x68, bytearray([107, 0]))
2
>>> i2c.stop()
>>> data = i2c.readfrom_mem(0x68, 0x3B, 14)
>>> data
b'B\xb4\xfe\xb4\xfa@\xf1`\xfe\xbd\x01i\xffZ'
>>> for b in data:
    print(b, end=" ")

66 180 254 180 250 64 241 96 254 189 1 105 255 90
```

Die Angaben für Adressen der Register finden wir in der [MPU-6000-Register-Map1.pdf](#), aber nicht im [DataSheet](#).

4.17 Registers 59 to 64 – Accelerometer Measurements

ACCEL_XOUT_H, ACCEL_XOUT_L, ACCEL_YOUT_H, ACCEL_YOUT_L, ACCEL_ZOUT_H, ACCEL_ZOUT_L

Type: Read Only

Register (Hex)	Register (Decimal)	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
3B	59	ACCEL_XOUT[15:8]							
3C	60	ACCEL_XOUT[7:0]							
3D	61	ACCEL_YOUT[15:8]							
3E	62	ACCEL_YOUT[7:0]							
3F	63	ACCEL_ZOUT[15:8]							
40	64	ACCEL_ZOUT[7:0]							

Description:

These registers store the most recent accelerometer measurements. Accelerometer measurements are written to these registers at the Sample Rate as defined in Register 26.

4.18 Registers 65 and 66 – Temperature Measurement

TEMP_OUT_H and TEMP_OUT_L

Type: Read Only

Register (Hex)	Register (Decimal)	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
41	65	TEMP_OUT[15:8]							
42	66	TEMP_OUT[7:0]							

Description:

These registers store the most recent temperature sensor measurement.

Temperature measurements are written to these registers at the Sample Rate as defined in Register 26.

4.28 Register 107 – Power Management 1

PWR_MGMT_1

Type: Read/Write

Register (Hex)	Register (Decimal)	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
6B	107	DEVICE_RESET	SLEEP	CYCLE	-	TEMP_DIS	CLKSEL[2:0]		

Description:

This register allows the user to configure the power mode and clock source. It also provides a bit for resetting the entire device, and a bit for disabling the temperature sensor.

By setting SLEEP to 1, the MPU 60X0 can be put into low power sleep mode. When CYCLE is set to 1, the device will cycle between sleep and active modes.

4.19 Registers 67 to 72 – Gyroscope Measurements

GYRO_XOUT_H, GYRO_XOUT_L, GYRO_YOUT_H, GYRO_YOUT_L, GYRO_ZOUT_H, and GYRO_ZOUT_L

Type: Read Only

Register (Hex)	Register (Decimal)	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
43	67	GYRO_XOUT[15:8]							
44	68	GYRO_XOUT[7:0]							
45	69	GYRO_YOUT[15:8]							
46	70	GYRO_YOUT[7:0]							
47	71	GYRO_ZOUT[15:8]							
48	72	GYRO_ZOUT[7:0]							

scope measurements.

These registers are written to these registers at the Sample Rate as defined in Register 26.

https://joy-it.net/files/files/Produkte/SEN-MPU6050/SEN-MPU6050_Datenblatt_2021-11-04.pdf

aus <https://microcontrollerslab.com/micropython-mpu-6050-esp32-esp8266/>

- <https://raw.githubusercontent.com/adamjezek98/MPU6050-ESP8266-MicroPython/master/mpu6050.py>

```
>>> import mpu6050_1
>>> dir(mpu6050_1)
['__class__', '__name__', '__file__', 'machine', 'accel']
>>> dir(mpu6050_1.accel)
['__class__', '__init__', '__module__', '__name__', '__qualname__', '__bases__', '__dict__', 'get_raw_valu
lues', 'get_ints', 'bytes_toint', 'get_values', 'val_test']
```

```
WARNING: I2C \ 1, ... is deprecated, use ... instead \ ... instead
b'B\x8c\xfe\x9c\xf6\x90\xf0'\xfe\xbc\x01N\xffW'
{'GyZ': -169, 'GyY': 334, 'GyX': -324, 'Tmp': 24.76529, 'AcZ': -2416, 'AcY': -356, 'AcX': 17036}
17036      -356      -2416
-324      334      -169
```

<https://microdigisoft.com/mpu6050-with-raspberry-pi-pico-using-micropython/>

gyro.py angepasst uv.

https://mascil.ph-freiburg.de/aufgabensammlung/experimente-mit-dem-smartphone/gruppe-2-experimente-mit-dem-beschleunigungssensor#Anleitung_09

https://www.imw.tu-clausthal.de/fileadmin/Forschung/InstMitt/2013/107-118_Hofmann_Numerische.pdf

https://www.cik-solutions.com/content/files/schockmessung-grundlagen_copyright_msr_electronics_gmbh_180322_sec.pdf

<https://www.cosinuss.com/de/2021/02/08/messung-von-vital-beschleunigungsparametern-beim-schwimmen/#Beschleunigungssensor>

https://matplotlib.org/2.0.2/mpl_toolkits/mplot3d/tutorial.html

<https://forum.arduino.cc/t/mpu6050-aus-dem-beschleunigungssensor-die-geschwindigkeit-berechnen/611507>

<https://www.htwg-konstanz.de/fileadmin/pub/studium/zsb/Schnupperstudium/2021-Laboranleitung-Beschleunigungssensor.pdf>

https://www.physikalische-schulexperimente.de/physo/Beschleunigungssensor_im_Smartphone

<https://www.elektronikpraxis.de/bewegungserkennung-mit-beschleunigungssensor-a-231973/?p=3>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zDGvcHMSPm8>

In Python will ich die Daten seriell einlesen

s

```
Serial<id=0x17899ae5300, open=True>(port='COM8', baudrate=9600, bytesize=8, parity='N', stopbits=1, timeout=None, xonxoff=False, rtscts=False, dsrdtr=False)
```

```
dir(s)
```

```
['BAUDRATES', 'BYTESIZES', 'PARITIES', 'STOPBITS', '_GetCommModemStatus', '_SAVED_SETTINGS', '__abstractmethods__', '__class__', '__del__', '__delattr__', '__dict__', '__dir__', '__doc__', '__enter__', '__eq__', '__exit__', '__format__', '__ge__', '__getattribute__', '__gt__', '__hash__', '__init__', '__init_subclass__', '__iter__', '__le__', '__lt__', '__module__', '__ne__', '__new__', '__next__', '__reduce__', '__reduce_ex__', '__repr__', '__setattr__', '__sizeof__', '__str__', '__subclasshook__', '_abc_impl', '_baudrate', '_break_state', '_bytesize', '_cancel_overlapped_io', '_checkClosed', '_checkReadable', '_checkSeekable', '_checkWritable', '_close', '_dsrdtr', '_dtr_state', '_exclusive', '_inter_byte_timeout', '_orgTimeouts', '_overlapped_read', '_overlapped_write', '_parity', '_port', '_port_handle', '_reconfigure_port', '_rs485_mode', '_rts_state', '_rtscts', '_stopbits', '_timeout', '_update_break_state', '_update_dtr_state', '_update_rts_state', '_write_timeout', '_xonxoff', 'applySettingsDict', 'apply_settings', 'baudrate', 'break_condition', 'bytesize', 'cancel_read', 'cancel_write', 'cd', 'close', 'closed', 'cts', 'dsr', 'dsrdtr', 'dtr', 'exclusive', 'fileno', 'flush', 'flushInput', 'flushOutput', 'getCD', 'getCTS', 'getDSR', 'getRI', 'getSettingsDict', 'get_settings', 'inWaiting', 'in_waiting', 'interCharTimeout', 'inter_byte_timeout', 'iread_until', 'isOpen', 'is_open', 'isatty', 'name', 'open', 'out_waiting', 'parity', 'port', 'portstr', 'read', 'read_all', 'read_until', 'readable', 'readall', 'readinto', 'readline', 'readlines', 'reset_input_buffer', 'reset_output_buffer', 'ri', 'rs485_mode', 'rts', 'rtscts', 'seek', 'seekable', 'sendBreak', 'send_break', 'setDTR', 'setPort', 'setRTS', 'set_buffer_size', 'set_output_flow_control', 'stopbits', 'tell', 'timeout', 'truncate', 'writable', 'write', 'writeTimeout', 'write_timeout', 'writelines', 'xonxoff']
```